

Setting the Context:

Creating Value from Sustainability Investments

Sheila Bonini McKinsey & Company

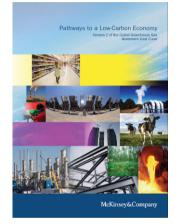
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Our point of view is shaped by our client experience as well as significant investments in proprietary sustainability knowledge

NOT EXHAUSTIVE

GHG abatement curves



- Analysis of the Costs and GHG abatement potential worldwide
- Perspective on carbon cash flows, global technology learning rates, key enablers of GHG reduction

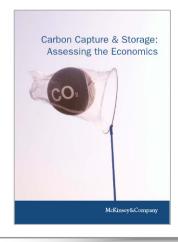
U.S. Energy Efficiency report

McEasey Global Eaergy and Materials Unlocking Energy Efficiency in the U.S. Economy



- Opportunities and barriers to efficiency in the U.S.
- Detailed breakdown by region and microsegment

Clean technology deep dives



- Future costs, market potential, barriers, and enablers for critical clean technologies
- Solar, Electric vehicles, CCS, Smartgrid, Electric storage, many others

Charting our Water Future Report



- Supply and demand for water resources globally, regional focuses on India, China, Brazil & S. Africa
- Development of a Water efficiency cost curve

Charting Our Water Future

Examples of recent publications on CSR

NOT EXHAUSTIVE



How Virtue Creates Value for Business and Society Investigating the value of environmental, social and governance activities



How Virtue Creates Value for Business and Society

Provides a framework to link environmental, social, and governance activities to value creation in order to help CSR practitioners identify and communicate more effectively the financial value of their work internally and externally





Shaping the future: Solving Social Problems through Business Strategy

- Discusses game-changing trends, their impact on competition, and how business will respond
- Investigates steps companies can take to mitigate risks/seize opportunities for long term value creation

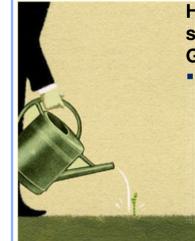


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Valuing Social Responsibility Programs

 Offers perspective on how environmental, social, and governance programs can create value in ways that support growth, improve returns on capital, reduce risk, or improve management quality



How companies manage sustainability: McKinsey Global Survey results

 Explores how companies define sustainability, how they manage it, why they engage in activities related to sustainability, and how they assess/communicate this engagement

Variations exist in the definition of 'sustainability'

We look at the full range of ESG issues "Sustainable Development is development that meets the **Environmental** needs of the present without Climate change compromising the ability of Water and energy efficiency future generations to meet Waste production their own needs" Sustainable supply chain Social Labor practices **Dow Jones Community Impact** Sustainability Indexes Talent markets World Business Council for Governance Sustainable Development Ethics Transparency and accountability Corruption



Contents

- Increasing importance for Companies to address sustainability
- Creating value from sustainability
- Questions for discussion

There are a number of game changing trends that are shaping the context for business...

... are shaping a new world for business and society

Global forces ...

The great rebalancing



Pricing the planet



Global grid

Productivity revolution



Market state



The rise of emerging markets

Climate change and resource scarcity (water, food, energy)

Spread and influence of information technology

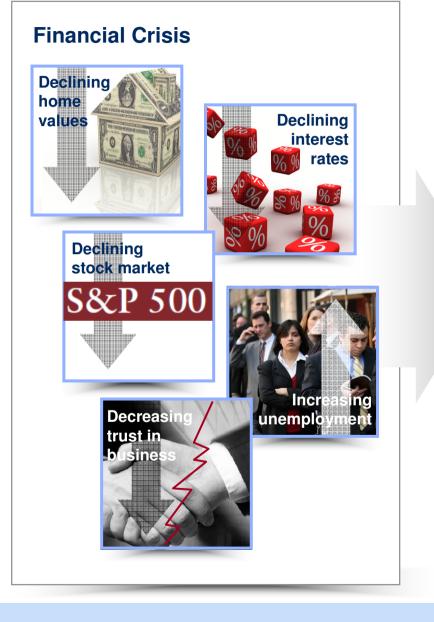
Talent shortage

New role for governments

Towards a **fundamentally different operating environment**, where

- Governments struggle to find solutions
- Trust in business is decreasing
- Businesses are increasingly expected to address social and environmental issues

...which has been further accelerated by the recent financial crisis...



- Public trust in business is at an alltime low
- Public appetite for government regulation of business is growing
- Companies are under more pressure to ensure ethics and transparency
- Business is under increasing pressure to address global challenges
- At the same time, Investors are increasingly looking at sustainability as an important value driver

Resulting in drivers across the value chain that are forcing companies to develop strategies, both to mitigate risk and to capture new opportunities



Climate change and other previously unregulated areas facing landmark legislation

Securing adequate supply

of energy, water, and/ or critical materials is increasingly difficult for some compa



some companies



Latest social issues (e.g.,



digital divide, obesity) represent opportunities and threats, and are

important to the workforce



B2C and B2B companies see increasing demand for sustainable products/services

SOURCE: McKinsey analysis

Some countries have already taken steps to regulate corporate social performance

European governments lead on regulation for social and environmental issues ...



- The OECD's *Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises*, adopted in 1976 and revised in 2000, are a set of voluntary recommendations to multinational enterprises in all the major areas of business ethics, including human rights, environment, combating bribery, consumer interests, etc.
- Denmark recently passed the "Social Responsibility for Large Businesses" law, which requires the country's largest companies to include environmental, social, and governance (ESG) data in their annual reports
- As of 2007, all state owned companies in Sweden are required to publish annual GRI-based sustainability reports, or explain why they could not. More than 89% of state owned companies issued reports in 2009

... and emerging markets are beginning to follow suit



- China's Assets Supervision and Administration Commission issued a directive in 2008 that encourages state-owned companies to report on corporate social responsibility (CSR)
- India released a set of voluntary guidelines on Corporate Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility that incorporate all ten principles of the United Nations Global Compact in December 2009

SOURCE: Global Reporting Initiative; UN Global Compact 2008 Annual Review; Jerkyns, UN Research Institute for Social Development "Corporate Codes of Conduct", 2001;Press release for "BBMG Conscious Consumer Report", 2009 McKinsey & Company



Contents

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There are significant opportunities for companies to increase the impact of their sustainability agendas

- Investors and CFOs believe that Sustainability drives value
- There is increasing evidence of the link between sustainability and value creation

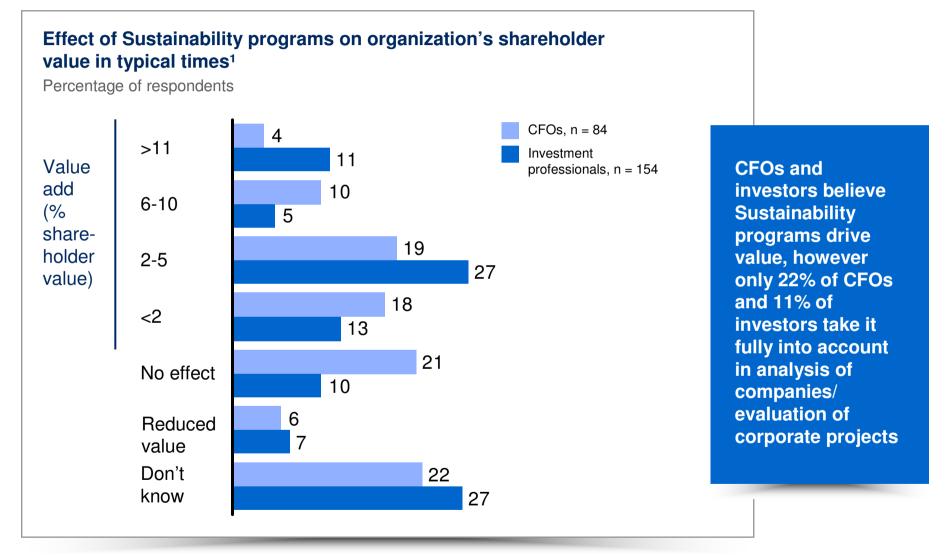
however

- There are several barriers to managing sustainability strategically and capturing value
- Even strategic companies do not communicate the value which inhibits ability to manage more strategically

Companies need a holistic view:

- End-to-end view of opportunities and risks
- Focused portfolio of sustainability initiatives, with a tangible ability to link each initiative to value creation
- Real metrics to measure progress
- Communicate appropriately, internally and externally, to get credit

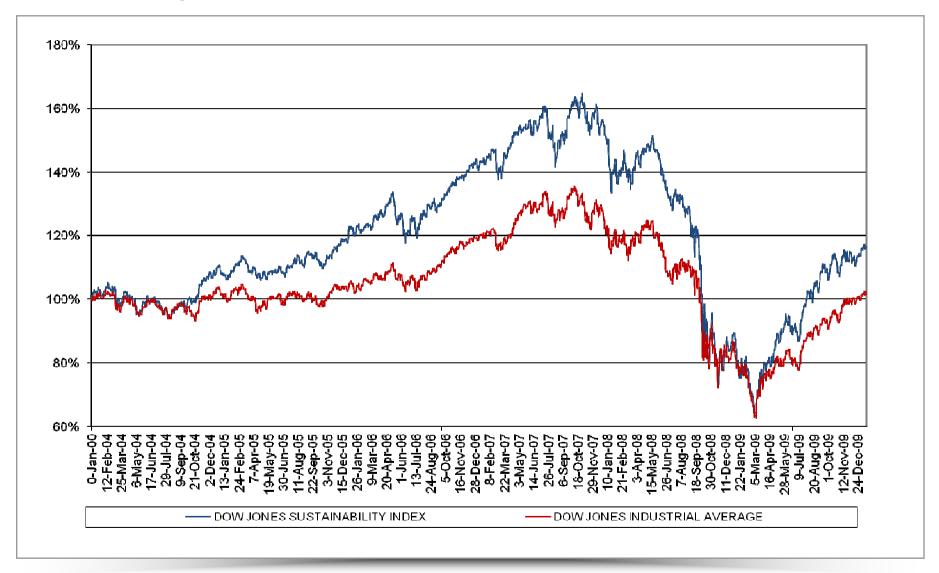
Investors and CFOs increasingly believe that sustainability drives value: half of them think that it drives more that 5% shareholder value



1 Excluding any changes stemming from the current economic crisis

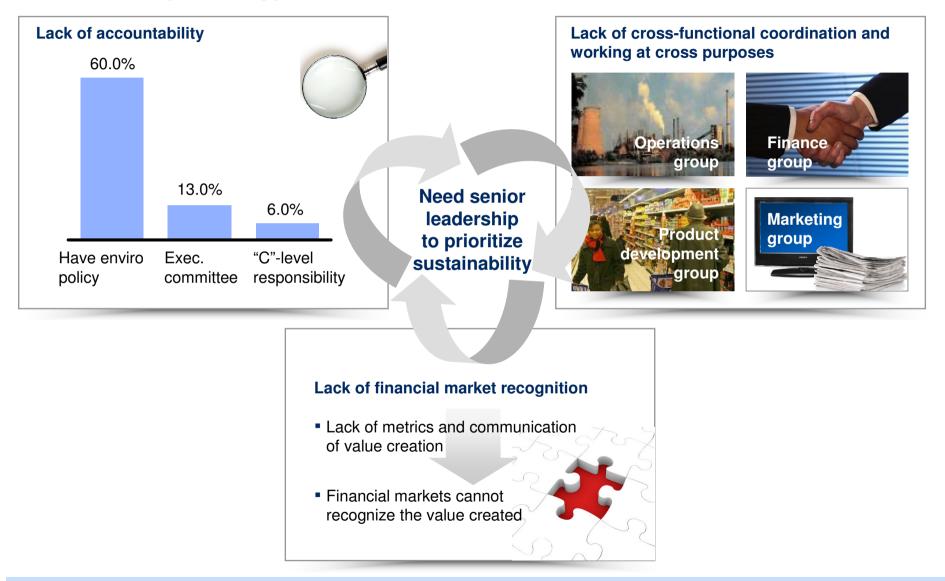
SOURCE: S. Bonini, N. Brun, and M. Rosenthal, "Valuing corporate social responsibility," The McKinsey Quarterly, February 2009

There is some evidence of a financial link between CSR/Sustainability and financial performance (DJSI)



SOURCE: Bloomberg

There are several common barriers to implementing a successful sustainability strategy



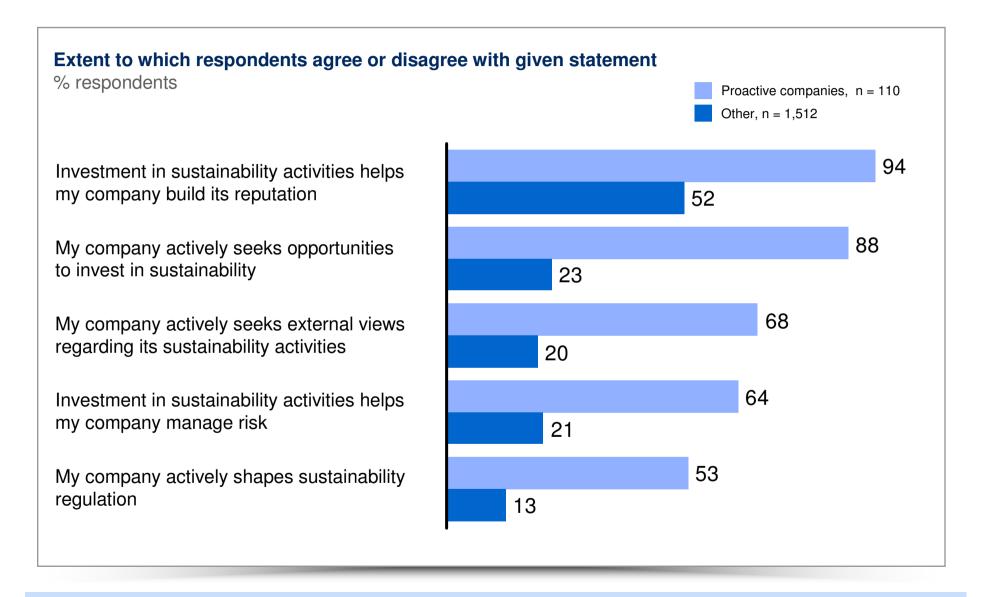
Across industries, taking an end-to-end perspective is increasingly important

Company	Industry	In-house sustainability efforts	Sustainability efforts beyond
ArcelorMittal	Steel	 Increase environmental management certification to 79% of production sites 	 Will exert environmental influence on suppliers through awareness and training program Is developing a 'Sustainability in Steel for Construction' brochure aimed at customers
IKEA	Retail	 IKEA is aggressively working on emissions in its own operations and in its logistics network 	 Require all wood sourced by suppliers to be from forests certified as responsibly managed Launch CFL returning project to evoke the energy efficiency conception in consumers
Unilawar	Consumer goods	 Continue to reduce water and PVC use in manufacturing operations per ton of production 	 Established Sustainable Agriculture Program, indoctrinating sustainable concepts to its suppliers Partnered with retailers to promoted packaging recycling scheme for shoppers
Nestlé	Consumer goods	 Continue to reduce water and PVC use in manufacturing operations per ton of production 	 Support and encourage sustainable agricultural practices Advise consumers in a responsible and sustainable way, not encourage irresponsible consumption
Coca:Cola	Consumer goods	 Set standard that all its water to be discharged must be capable of supporting aquatic life 	 Introduced Code of Business Conduct for Suppliers to clarify ethical expectations for them Lead initiatives to address obesity issues of its consumers
PEPSICO	Consumer goods	 Align with OHSAS 18001:2007 to guarantee healthy and safe development of employees 	 Extend its environmental initiatives to include franchised bottlers and agricultural partners Raise the carbon literacy of the public through carbon labeling
Walmart :	Retail	 Succeeded in the continuous efforts to make its stores more energy efficient 	 Help suppliers make continual improvements in sustainable business practices Initiate plastic bag reduction campaigns among consumers

Companies need to have a holistic understanding of risks and opportunities across the value chain (apparel example)

	Product design	Raw materials	Weaving and dyeing	Garment manu- facturing (CMT)	Trans- portation network	Store oper- ations	HQ oper- ations	Customer use	Product end-of- life
Social		 Labor/ human rights issues Industry standards Certification, fair trade 	 Labor/ human rights issues 	 Labor/ human rights issues 		 Employee motivation retention opportu- nities 		 Customer education 	
Environ- ment	 Potential green or ethical product line 	 Pesticide and fertilizer polluting water systems Industry standards Organic 	 Dyes polluting water systems 		 Carbon emissions Leader- ship carbon and energy goals 	Store sus- tainability transfor- mation	 LEED building Leader- ship carbon and energy goal 	 Water, energy use in cleaning 	 Customer in-store recycling programs
Cross- cutting	 Transpare 	ency across valu	ue chain						

...and to understand the benefits of proactively managing sustainability



SOURCE: McKinsey Global Survey

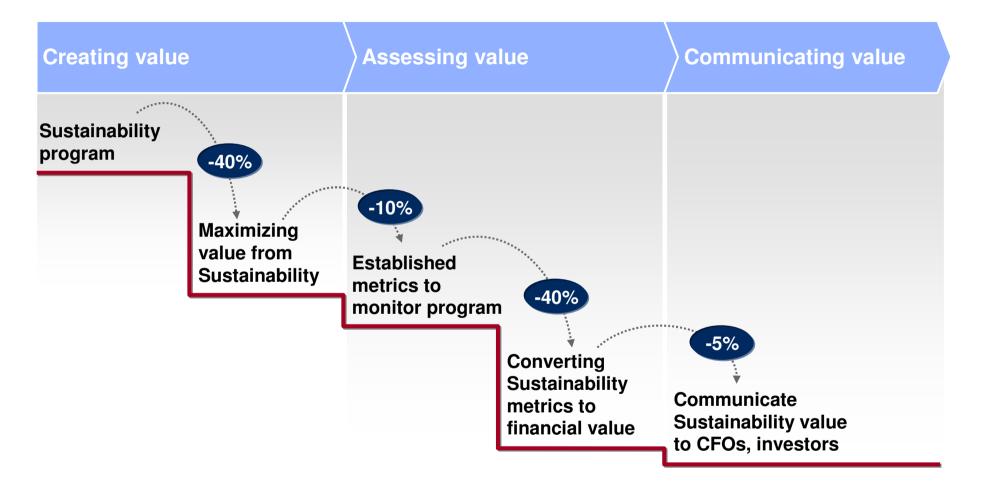
Global leaders have demonstrated that sustainability can be a major lever to drive companies' long-term financial performance

Business drivers	Sub-business drivers	Examples
Growth	New customers/ market share	 Novo Nordisk: Earned market leadership in China with market share of diabetes above 70% Engaged in emerging economies like India, China, and Bangladesh to help build clinics, educate patients and healthcare professionals Verizon: Increased sales by \$6 million (e.g., 400,000 units sold, 100,000 new customers, increase by 100% from 2007 to 2008 of the wireless spending by the senior segment) Launched a new product for elderly and disabled to meet social needs
Return on capital	Operational efficiency	 Dow: Invested \$1 billion over 10 years to reduce its energy consumption and improve its efficiency and has saved \$7 billion in last 5 years
Risk manage- ment	Reputational risk	 Intel: Avoided delays and fines when setting up a plant and benefited from tax incentives Engaged with local stakeholders and built trust with local communities by being responsive to community needs
Manage- ment quality	Leadership development IBM.	 IBM: Improved global leadership skills, employee retention and commitment to IBM, new knowledge and skill contribution to IBM Developed "Corporate Service Corps" to send emerging leaders to work pro bono in emerging markets to foster economic growth

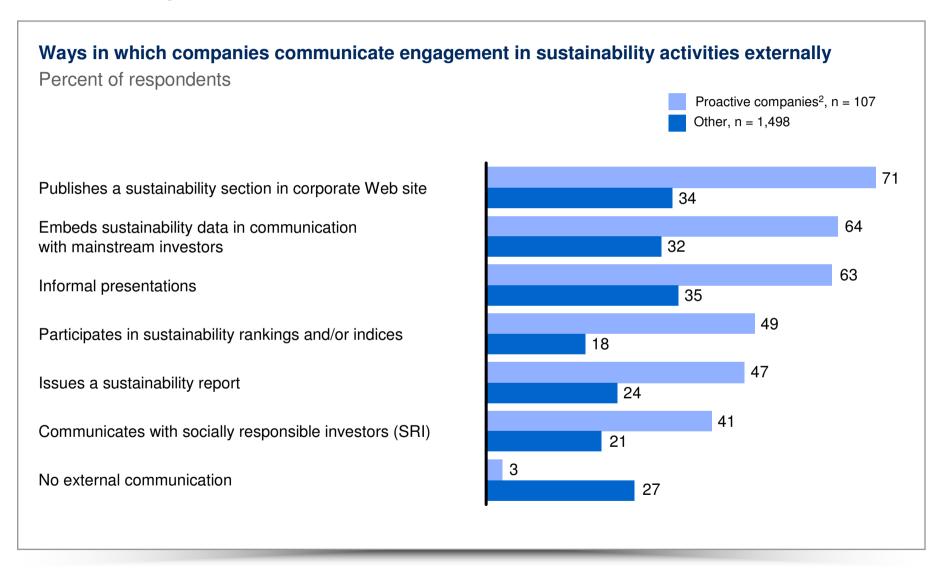
SOURCE: Literature search

Although many companies create value from sustainability, very few assess the financial value creation and even fewer communicate that to the markets

Subjective analysis based on company interviews



Most companies have an opportunity to communicate more about their sustainability activities



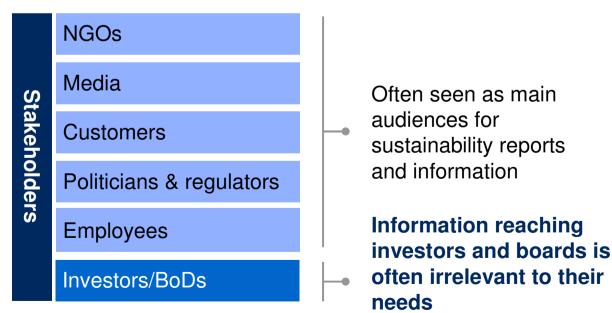
There is a lack of a common language between investors/BoDs and companies on sustainability...



- Companies appear to be failing to communicate effectively to investors the financial implications of their approach on societal issues
- Investors are struggling to build these issues into their models and BoDs do not have the information they need



- Rapid growth in number of firms producing sustainability reports
- Aimed at various stakeholders, including investors



Communicating the value of sustainability activities with the Board will require using the language of the market

Growth	New markets	 Gain access to new markets and market share through exposure from Sustainability programs 			
	New products	 Create products to meet unmet social needs and increase differentiation 			
	New customers/market share	Use Sustainability to engage consumers and build knowledge of expectations and behaviors			
	Innovation	 Develop cutting edge technology and innovative products and services for unmet social or environmental needs that could translate to business uses, patents, proprietary knowledge, etc. 			
	Reputation/differentiation	 Foster brand loyalty, reputation and goodwill with stakeholders by engaging with them on Sustainability programs 			
Return on capital	Operational efficiency	 Enable bottom line cost savings through environmental operations and practices (e.g., energy and w efficiency, less raw materials needed) 			
	Workforce efficiency	 Reduce costs generated by employee attraction and turnover by using Sustainability to build morale Develop employees' skills and increase productivity through participation in Sustainability activities 			
	Reputation/price premium	 Develop reputation on Sustainability that garners customers' willingness to pay price increase or premium 			
	Regulatory risk	 Mitigate risks by complying with regulatory requirements, industry standards, and NGO demands 			
Risk management	License to operate	 Facilitate uninterrupted operations and entry in new markets using local Sustainability efforts and community dialogue to engage citizens and reduce local resistance 			
	Supply chain/security of supply	 Secure consistent, long-term, and sustainable access to safe, high quality raw materials and products by engaging in community welfare and development 			
	Reputational risk	 Avoid negative publicity and boycotts by addressing Sustainability issues 			
Management quality	Leadership development	 Develop leadership skills and improve employee quality through Sustainability participation 			
	Adaptability	 Build ability to adapt to changing political and social situations by engaging local communities 			
	Long-term strategic view	 Develop long-term strategy encompassing Sustainability issues 			

Sustainability programs need to be assessed through real metrics to drive progress – most companies need to do more to assess financial value

Pathway to financial value **Business drivers** Metrics' financial value Metrics 1% turnover = \$x Decrease **turnover** by x% in \$x million million saved 2010 Improve talent attraction, morale 1% improved and retention Improve employee \$x million attraction = \$x attraction by x% million saved Develop cutting edge 1% sales = xIncrease **sales** by x% of \$x million million technology/products new products Sustainability 1% new customers program \$x million Facilitate market entry Attract x% new customers = \$x million Gain knowledge on Increase sales by x% in 1% sales = \$x \$x million local consumer needs Asia million Decrease of the probability **Expected incident** Preserve operations of incident's occurrence cost x improved and facilitate entry in \$x million Expected incident cost new markets probability = xProbability of incident's million occurrence \$x billion

Example: Financial value of "Return on Capital" business driver

Operational efficiency

Starbucks reduced its packaging materials to save \$500 million per year

Context on the original packaging

- Product was sealed in a polylaminate bag resting in a tray and covered with a folding carton sleeve
- Tray sourced from overseas
- Shape of folding carton caused problems at carton erector

Actions

- Cross-functional team worked with folding carton supplier and co-packers to redesign package
- 9 month timeframe from kick-off to retail roll-out

Metrics

- 50 -60% less material Removed tray and left only the folding carton height needed to support bag
- More compact size allows for more efficient transport
- All materials now recyclable; carton made of 100% recycled content







Example: Financial value of "Risk Management" business driver

ESTIMATE

License to operate

The value at stake of stakeholders management is huge: a mining company lost approx \$1.15 B in Peru, while another company's license to operate was extended by 25 years

\$1.15 billion loss: poor community relations and environmental oversight

- Delay to production (3.7 million oz.): over \$1 billion
- Losses due to strikes closed the mine in 2004 and 2006, resulting in \$14.4 million (\$1.8 M/day x 8 days)
- Environmental losses/costs:
 - Environmental fines due to incidents: over \$40 million
 - Construction of a new dam for water supply: \$70 million

DISGUISED CLIENT

 Changes in operating costs due to environmental standards: \$100 million

\$7 billion gain: extension license to operate a mine

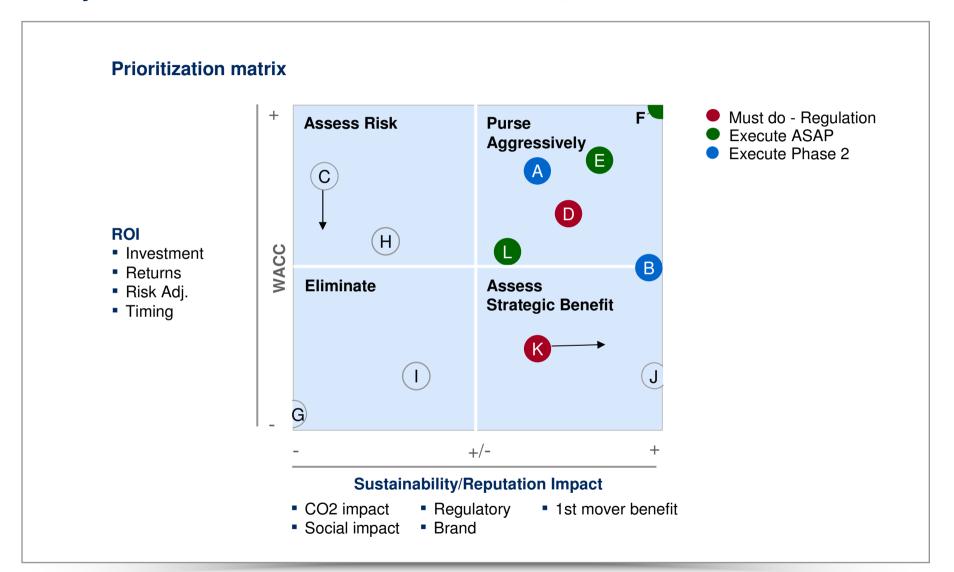
- De Beers is operating a diamond mine in Bostwana in joint-venture with the government through a company called Debswana
- Because of a long-standing partnership with Botswana government, De Beers was able to leverage trusted relationship & reputation and be the first in line to renegotiate 25-year lease renewal for mine
- The De Beers' diamond production in that mine is valued at \$7 billion per year

De Beers

SOURCE: Company website, Annual Report 2004, Sustainability Report 2004, CIA country report

A focused portfolio of sustainability initiatives, with a tangible ability to link each initiative to value creation, is needed





It is also important to be able to communicate the value of sustainability according to the audience and expectations

Stakeholders		Objectives	Message		
Investors, analysts	WASEL ST	Obtain credit in the market for strategic Sustainability programs	 Dollar figures on financial impact of Sustainability activities Contribution of Sustainability activities to 		
Internal manag- ement (e.g., CFOs)		Maintain financial and strategic support for Sustainability	 value drivers for core business, that is already understood and measured Etc 		
Employees, NGOs, influencers		Highlight aspects of Sustainability that will motivate stakeholders to have relationships with the company	 Social impact and focus of Sustainability activities Stakeholder engagement Linkage to core competencies of business Compliance with standards Etc 		
Socially responsible investor community		Acknowledge social responsibility of the company and invest in company stock	 Social impact and focus of Sustainability activities Linkage to core competencies of business Contribution of Sustainability to value drivers Compliance with regulations Etc 		



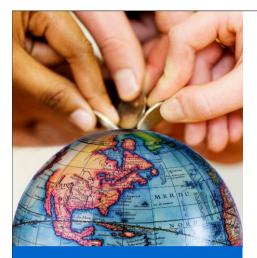
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Questions for discussion

- What are the biggest barriers in your organization to proactively managing sustainability?
- What actions can you take to help the organization overcome these barriers?
- What would be the financial benefits to the company of a more proactive stance? What are the social and environmental benefits?
- How should you communicate value of sustainability internally and externally?
- How might using better financial metrics change what you do on the ground in terms of project level impact of these activities?





Thank you